

GLONASS STATUS AND PLANS OF DEVELOPMENT

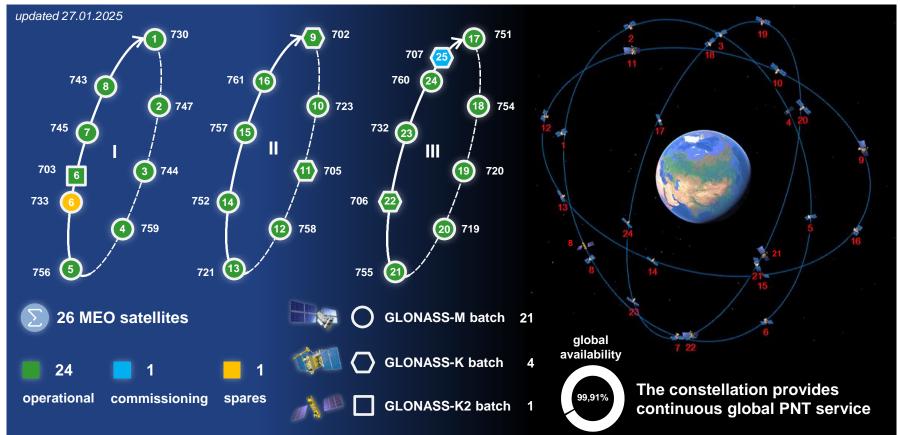
ROSCOSMOS STATE SPACE CORPORATION

Training on Global Navigation Satellite Systems
January 28, 2025



GLONASS SPACE SEGMENT STATUS







GLONASS CIVIL SERVICES



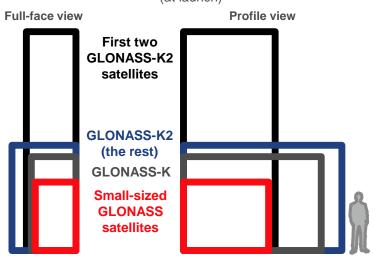
Basic Service	asic Service Service of Improved Accuracy and Reliability Relative Naviga Service		High-Accuracy Service			
Infrastructure						
GLONASS	 System for Differential Correction and Monitoring/SDCM (SBAS) based on the network of 53 measurement stations (CORS) GBAS stations of 169 airports and 68 ports 	549 ground base RTK-stations (up to 1114 stations by 2030)	System for High-Precision Definition of Ephemeris and Clock Corrections based on the network of 40 measurement stations (CORS)			
Service Area						
Global	Russia	Local service areas in Russia	Global (to be assured)			
Broadcast Channels						
24 GLONASS satellitesL1OF, L2OF open signalsL1OC, L2OC, L3OC open signals as pre-operational	DF, L2OF open signals • SISNET (access via Internet) • SISNET (access via Internet) • HF & UHF radio channels of GBAS • Internet (access to post-processed)		Internet, including mobile communications			
Provided information						
 Ephemeris and timing information Global ionospheric model (L1OC, L3OC) 	Real-time corrections and integrity information for GLONASS & GPS Ionospheric corrections (VTEC)	Assistive real-time and post-processed OSR information (precise station coordinates, code and phase observations)	Precise absolute orbit & clock (SSR) real-time and post-processed PPP corrections for all GNSS			



GLONASS SATELLITES



Size comparison of GLONASS satellite batches (at launch)



Option for launching 3 small-sized GLONASS satellites by 1 Soyuz-2.1b launch vehicle



	GLONASS-K	GLONASS-K2	Small-sized GLONASS		
Planned Launches	6 satellites during 2025-2026	14 satellites during 2025-2030 The launch of 2 satellites by 1 Angara-A5 launch vehicle is considered	12 satellites during 2030-2035 The launch of 3 satellites by 1 Soyuz-2 family launch vehicle		
Onboard clock stability	1×10 ⁻¹³ - 5×10 ⁻¹⁴ s	1×10 ⁻¹⁴ - 5×10 ⁻¹⁵ s	5×10 ⁻¹⁵ s		
Onboard frequency standards	Cs, Rb	First two satellites: Cs, Rb, H-maser The rest: 2 Cs, H-maser	H-maser 550 kg		
Launch mass	1 060 kg	1 683 kg			
Open CDMA signals	L3OC	L10C, L20C, L30C	L10C, L20C, L30C		
Inter-satellite links	+ +		+		

GLONASS constellation renewal with small-sized satellites will make L1OC and L2OC open signals operational since 2035



HIGH-ORBIT GLONASS SPACE COMPLEX



Planned Architecture

Six satellites in six circular orbits

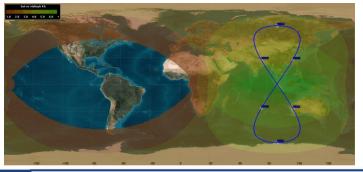
Orbit altitudes 38 000 km

Orbital inclination 64.8°

Orbital period 86 164 s

Eccentricity ~ 0

Ground track and coverage



Launch vehicles: Soyuz-2 and Angara families



1 or 2 satellites at a time planned to be launched since 2030

Signals & Services



L1OC & L2OC open signals as a complement to GLONASS MEO constellation to improve GLONASS Basic Service performance



L3SVI open signal to broadcast PPP corrections for all GNSS and integrity information to improve GLONASS High-Accuracy Service

Planned Results



Enhanced availability in limited conditions for signal reception (elevation > 25°) by 20%



Increased availability in high latitudes, including Artic and Antarctic regions



Improved PDOP leads to 29% accuracy improvement in the Eastern hemisphere



Extended coverage zone and increased availability of GLONASS High-Accuracy Service



More reliable GLONASS High-Accuracy Service due to integrity

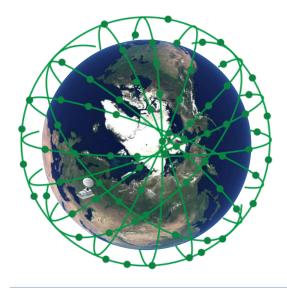


Ionospheric activity compensation in high latitudes with global ionospheric model in L10C



LOW-ORBIT GLONASS SPACE COMPLEX





240 satellites in low Earth circular orbits in 20 orbital planes

Orbit altitudes	800 km
Orbital inclination	64° - 72°
Eccentricity	~ 0

By 2030 two demo satellites are planned to be manufactured and launched to LEO



Prospective vision of the LEO satellite

- A new navigation signal in L-band
- An auxiliary navigation signal in Ku-band is considered
- Onboard GLONASS receivers in L1/L2/L3 bands
- A new technology of precise orbit determination
- Small mass (around 300 kg) and relatively short active lifetime (5 years)

Planned Results



Enhanced accuracy and the increase in global availability in limited conditions up to 100%



Increased signal power on ground and improved robustness



Continuous global monitoring of GLONASS signals



Rapid pace of production and in-orbit deployment



GLONASS DEVELOPMENT DIRECTIONS



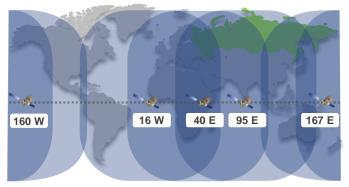
	results of GLONASS nization efforts	GLONASS-K2 Launches	High-Orbit GLONASS	Small-sized Satellites	Low-Orbit GLONASS
	Improved GLONASS SIS Ranging Error	•		•	⊘
	Increased pace of GLONASS constellation replenishment			⊘	⊘
	Enhanced availability in limited conditions for signal reception		•		⊘
	Improved interference robustness				⊘
	Enhanced High- Accuracy Service performance		•		



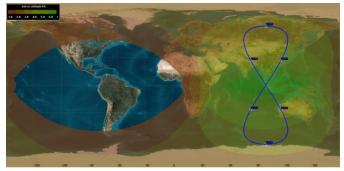
GLONASS HIGH-ACCURACY SERVICE



Approximate expected L3SVI signal coverage based on GEO satellites



Approximate expected L3SVI signal coverage based on High-Orbit GLONASS

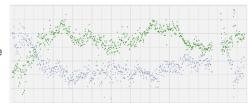


Service Levels	Basic Level	GEO Level (after 2030)	High-Orbit Level (after 2030)	
Real-time Corrections	orbit & clock corrections	orbit & clock corrections, code & phase biases	orbit & clock corrections, code & phase biases, ionospheric corrections	
Broadcast channels	Internet, mobile links	L3SVI signal (1202.025 MHz) by 5 GEO	L3SVI signal (1202.025 MHz) by High-Orbit GLONASS	
Augmented GNSS	All GNSS	GLONASS & GPS	All GNSS	
Service Integrity	-	-	+	

GLONASS High-Accuracy Service accuracy (13-14.01.2025)

latitude

longitude



10 cm Static accuracy of GLONASS High-Ad Service (real-time

GLONASS High-Accuracy Service (real-time dual-constellation solution) is within 10 cm (JSC "RPC "PSI" assessments)

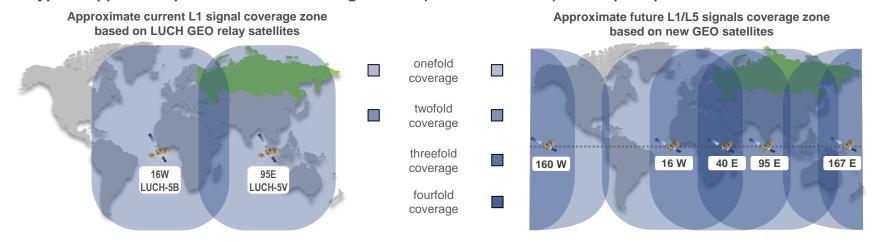
-7.5 cm



SYSTEM FOR DIFFERENTIAL CORRECTION AND MONITORING



SDCM has successfully passed the preliminary certification tests in accordance with the requirements for typical approach operations with vertical guidance (APV-II) and is pre-operational now



	Broadcast Channels	Augmented GNSS	Real-time corrections	SBAS Integrity	SBAS Authentication
SF SBAS	L1 signal by 2 GEO (5 GEO after 2030) + SISNET	GLONASS & GPS	SF corrections + VTEC	Integrity with alert time within 6 s	L1 authentication (after 2030)
DFMC SBAS after 2030	L5 signal by 5 GEO + SISNET	all GNSS	DF corrections	Integrity with alert time within 6 s	TBD



GLONASS PERFORMANCE AND USER INFORMATION SUPPORT



The Russian System for GLONASS Performance Monitoring and Verification is continuously collecting global observation data for real-time GLONASS characteristics assessment to confirm their correspondence to the guaranteed levels defined in GLONASS Open Service Performance Standard (edition 2.2) and ensure that GLONASS domestic and foreign civil users are provided with Basic (PNT) Service of proper quality





Applied User Center of Roscosmos State Space Corporation based on Information and Analysis Center for Positioning, Navigation and Timing is providing continuous online information support to GLONASS domestic and foreign civil users in accordance with the principle of transparency



Assessed characteristics of GLONASS and other GNSS



Updated GLONASS constellation status, health and almanac



Notice Advisory to GLONASS Users

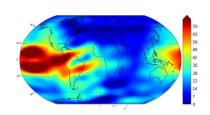


Links to GLONASS formal documents (Interface Control Documents and Open Service Performance Standard)



Global ionospheric map by IAC PNT and results of experiments on GNSS monitoring & assessment

https://www.glonass-iac.ru





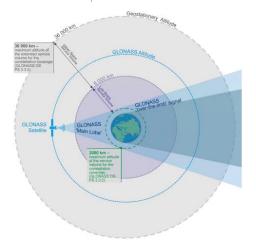


Web-site is available in Russian, Chinese, English, German & Spanish languages



GLONASS

NEW GLONASS SYSTEM DOCUMENTS



GLONASS space service volume (SSV)

Open Service Performance Standard (US PS)

New appendices to **GLONASS ICDs** for FDMA and CDMA signals have been developed and released.

These appendices contain a new model recommended for **tropospheric delay compensation**.

GLONASS user positioning accuracy can be improved with the help of this model used in navigation receiver.



https://www.glonass-iac.ru

The appendices to Open Service Performance Standard are already available **on the web-site**. The appendices to ICDs will be also available there soon.

New appendices to **GLONASS Open Service Performance Standard** have been also developed and released.

Appendix D describes features and threshold values of GLONASS characteristics related to **CDMA signals**.

Appendix E introduces GLONASS characteristics for **extended space service volume** (2 – 36 thousand km) that is divided into low-orbit SSV (2 – 8 thousand km) and high-orbit SSV (8 – 36 thousand km).



MAJOR CURRENT GLONASS APPLICATIONS IN RUSSIAN DIGITAL ECONOMY



Energy grid and telecom networks synchronization



Accident emergency response and smart insurance



Systems for fishing vessels monitoring and in-port maneuvering



Systems and machinery for precise agriculture



Railroad monitoring and control systems



Unmanned aerial vehicles for industry and logistics



Systems for deformation monitoring of buildings and infrastructure



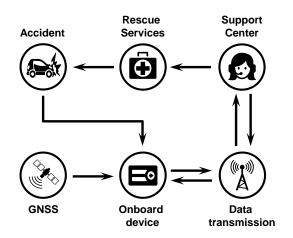
Self-driving and autonomous cars & trucks



Toll and fleet monitoring and control systems



GLONASS APPLICATIONS: RUSSIAN ERA-GLONASS SYSTEM



New services are provided based on ERA-GLONASS infrastructure as well as GLONASS and other GNSS:

- smart tracker-based insurance
- transport monitoring and control (over 300 thousand fleet/railroad objects monitored)
- monitoring and control of drones and aviation
- deployment of IoT systems
- indoor navigation



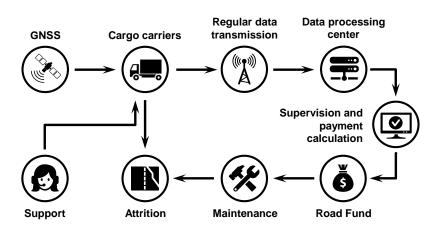
- Russian accident emergency response system based on GLONASS and other GNSS
- Operational since 2015
- A system's onboard device conveys precise vehicle position, accident time and other data either manually or automatically in case of an accident
- All new road vehicles are equipped with ERA-GLONASS onboard devices since 2017
- Accident response time of emergency services is reduced by 30%
- More than 4 thousand lives are saved annually

As of January 2025:

- over 11.99 million onboard devices equipped and connected
- more than 434 thousand distress calls received and relayed to emergency services
- 19 seconds average time to process emergency call and convey relevant information to emergency services
- 80% of emergency calls, which turned out to need response from emergency services, were automatically sent
- the system is operating in 85 Russian regions



GLONASS APPLICATIONS: RUSSIAN PLATON SYSTEM





- 2.67 million onboard devices equipped
- 1 912 231 vehicles and around 860 thousand cargo carrier companies registered
- Approximately 311 billion Russian rubles (circa
 3 billion US dollars) are raised for Russian Road Fund
- 130 bridges in 44 Russian regions as well as 3300 km of highways are repaired with the help of PLATON tolls



- PLATON is a Russian system for automatic toll collection based on GLONASS/GPS
- Operational since 2015
- All cargo vehicles weighing over 12 tons are equipped with onboard devices of the system
- All federal highways and roads 50 774 km in total









GLONASS ROLE FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT





GLONASS Basic PNT Service is provided unlimitedly, free of charge and with global guaranteed unselective availability. This policy facilitates equality of all nations' access to the satellite navigation benefits and supports developing countries

GLONASS civil services contribute to the following Sustainable Development Goals



Zero hunger



Decent work & economic arowth



Industry, innovation & infrastructure



Sustainable cities & communities



Responsible consumption & production



Climate action



Life below water



Life on land



Roscosmos State Space Corporation develops GLONASS civil services for the benefit of all mankind

Further bilateral and multilateral cooperation in satellite navigation is an utmost priority

Joint search for solutions of issues and new capabilities within bilateral and multilateral cooperation facilitates enhancing the quality of navigation for users globally



AREAS OF FURTHER COOPERATION

Roscosmos State Space Corporation is open to intensified mutually beneficial and advantageous international cooperation with like-minded nations in satellite navigation and adjacent fields





Deployment of ground GNSS observation infrastructure and local ground stations for GNSS correction to use in various industries



Joint monitoring and assessment of GNSS performance and information support for the benefit of civil users



Provision of GLONASS High-Accuracy Service to ensure real-time decimeter-level positioning independent from the coverage of ground stations



Cooperation in space geodesy, enhancement of reference frames and EOP definition as well as ionospheric delay monitoring and assessment



GNSS applications in various industries, especially related to transport monitoring, fleet management and emergency systems



DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMATIC SPACE COMPLEXES & SYSTEMS OF DUAL AND SPECIAL USE

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